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TO:

Ed Sierra, Region VI RPO

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THRU:

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REORGANIZED

PRON:

DATE:

Mark A. Pinzel, PIT Ceologist

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SUBJECT:

Narrative Summary for Larry Landry Dump Intercoastal City, Vermilion Parish, LA

(LAD985169804)

I. SITE INFORMATION/BACKGROUND

The Larry Landry Dump is located off Louisiana Highway 333, one mile north of Intracoastal City, Vermilion Parish, Louisiana. The geographic coordinates are 29°47′52" north latitude and 92°09′03" west longitude. The site is located on private land owned by because when the land to Hr. Larry Landry. Mr. Landry used the land as an open dump for oil field and solid wastes from off-shore drilling rigs. The site operated in the early 1980s and ceased operations when the owner proposed raising the rent.

II. VASTE CONTAINMENT

There are no manmade impoundments on-site for containment from air, ground water or surface water routes. The piles of waste were disposed directly onto the ground.

III. PATHWAY CHARACTERISTICS

A. Ground Vater

The Chicot Aquifer system underlies Vermilion Parish, and consists of thick sand and gravel deposits. The Chicot Aquifer is divided into two units called the upper sand and lover sand, in which the upper sand is connected to the Abbeville Unit. The Vermilion River recharges the Chicot Aquifer near Banker, five miles north of the site. The site is underlain by 200 feet of clay, under which is the Abbeville Unit.

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The pearest vell is located (b) (6) of the site. It is owned by (b) (6) The vell vas dug to approximately 500 feet and is screened at 500 feet. The vell is used for domestic purposes only. Mrs. Hebert purchases her drinking vater.

B. Surface Vater

The site is surrounded by surface vater. Drainage from the site would flow into a north-south ditch that parallels the access road, and empties into an east-west ditch that empties into the Vermilion River 1/2 mile downstream. Potential sensitive environments affected by the surface water migration are vetlends (estuarine), a state vildlife refuge and habitats used by the Peregrine falcon and the Atlantic Ridley Turtle.

C. Soil Exposure

There is a gate on the access road with a "No Trespassing" sign posted. Inorganics are known to be present at the site, and organics could exist. There are no workers on-site.

D. Air

Previous sampling indicated high concentrations of inorganics such as barium, cadrium, chromium, lead and zinc. The air pathway, therefore, is not of concern since these inorganics have low particulate/mobility retential:

IV. DATA CAP OBJECTIVES

- 1. Two of the nearest residential wells should be sampled.
- 2. The extent of ground water use in the area needs to be determined.
- 3. This sampling may involve an extensive well survey.
- 4. Soil samples and sediment samples should be taken on and near the waste piles (source characterization) and along the surface water pathway from the site.
- Surface water samples should be taken along the surface water pathway from the site as near the sources as possible.
- 6. Exact distances to the sensitive environments must be ascertained.